

тм

## Target Area: Memory Impairments

Ownsworth & McFarland (1999) <i>Brain Injury</i> 13(8):	PEDro score – 4/10
605–626	
Method/Results	Rehabilitation Program
<ul> <li>Method/Results</li> <li>Design: <ul> <li>Study type: RCT.</li> <li>Population: n=20, 95% male, patients of mixed aetiology 4-37 years after acquired brain injury (TBI=15; tumour=2; stroke=1; infection=2).</li> <li>Groups: <ul> <li>Treatment group=10.</li> <li>Control group=10.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Setting: Community setting - brain injury support group.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Primary outcome measure/s: <ul> <li>Weekly percentage of dairy entries made during treatment phase.</li> <li>Number of memory problems reported daily.</li> <li>Number of times compensatory memory strategies utilized daily.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Secondary outcome measure/s: <ul> <li>Weekly POMS scores.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Result: The DSIT diary utilization strategy reduced the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Aim: To compensate for everyday memory problems using two types of diary utilization strategies. The training strategies reflected bottom-up (<i>DO</i>: Diary Only Training) and top-down (<i>DSIT</i>: Diary and Self-Instructional Training) cognitive models of rehabilitation.</li> <li>Materials: Self-report, 15-item checklist to record frequency of occurrence of memory problems and frequency of utilization of compensatory memory strategies. Lined exercise book used as diary. Rivermead Behavioural Memory Test, WMS-R, POMS.</li> <li>Treatment plan/procedure         <ul> <li>Duration: DO group: 2 weeks baseline, 4 weeks of treatment. DSIT group: 6 weeks baseline, 4 weeks of treatment.</li> <li>Procedure: A single training session, given at beginning of treatment phase (duration unspecified).</li> <li>Content:                 <ul> <li>DO Group: teach participants a behavioural sequence for using the diary to compensate for everyday memory problems (details of behavioural sequence are not specified).</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
frequency of memory problems experienced by participants more than the DO strategy. Mean n umber	<ul> <li>DSIT Group: teach participants a self-instruction strategy for using the diary to compensate for everyday</li> </ul>
of weekly diary entries did no differ between groups. Psychological distress was reduced in both groups.	<ul> <li>memory problems.</li> <li>The strategy (WSTC) consisted of four steps:</li> <li>1. W= what are you going to do?</li> <li>2. S=select strategy for the task</li> <li>3. T=try out the strategy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4. C=check how strategy is working.</li> </ul>